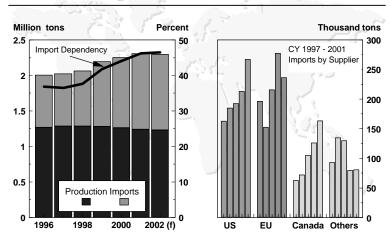
## Japan's Swine and Pork Situation

	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001 (p)	2002 (f)
Swine (1,000 head)							
Total Supply*	27,501	27,674	27,755	27,480	27,306	27,086	27,040
Slaughter	16,852	17,021	17,067	16,871	16,717	16,346	16,200
Pork (1,000 tons; carcass weight equivalent)							
Production	1,266	1,283	1,285	1,277	1,269	1,245	1,230
Imports	1,010	786	777	919	995	1068	1,070
Consumption	2,119	2,134	2,146	2,212	2,228	2,269	2,332
Ending stocks	255	190	106	90	126	170	138

<sup>\*</sup> Total supply = beginning inventories + pig crop + imports

Japan's Growing Pork Consumption Met Increasingly Through Imports as Domestic Production Stagnates



Japan=s pork imports in 2002 are forecast to continue at a record 1.07 million tons, virtually unchanged from 2001. Despite the current pork safeguard measure, imports will likely continue strong as concerns over BSE and beef mislabeling issues have caused consumers to shift to pork. The current pork safeguard measure ends March 31, 2002, and pork imports are expected to become more active. The United States is expected to remain the major supplier of fresh/chilled pork to Japan, while the EU fights Canada and the U.S. to regain its market share for frozen cuts. The United States jumped from 13 percent of the frozen market in 2000 to 22 percent in 2001, while the EU fell from 60 percent to 46 percent due to FMD in the EU. Competition for market share in Japan will be fierce as pork production in exporting countries is forecast at record levels. Japan's pork production is forecast to decrease for a fifth consecutive year as the swine industry continues to consolidate into fewer and larger operations. U.S. pork exports to Japan totaled \$849 million in 2001, making it the largest market for U.S. pork products.